FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:26:52 ON 08 JUL 2003

=> file reg COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 1.05 1.05

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:29:50 ON 08 JUL 2003 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS)

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 7 JUL 2003 HIGHEST RN 544408-69-7 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 7 JUL 2003 HIGHEST RN 544408-69-7

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2003

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

=> s 1/Li and 0.01-0.99/Ni and 0.01-8.9/Co and 0.11-0.59/Mn and 2/O

85467 1/LI

17304 0.01-0.99/NI

307124 0.01-8.9/CO

7371 0.11-0.59/MN

4168836 2/0

L1 248 1/LI AND 0.01-0.99/NI AND 0.01-8.9/CO AND 0.11-0.59/MN AND 2/O

=> s 1-1.2/Li and 2/Mn and 4/0

85467 1-1.2/LI

10566 2/MN

3107120 4/0

L2 404 1-1.2/LI AND 2/MN AND 4/O

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL

SESSION

36.41

TED COST ENTRY 35.36

FULL ESTIMATED COST
FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:32:29 ON 08 JUL 2003

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 8 Jul 2003 VOL 139 ISS 2 FILE LAST UPDATED: 7 Jul 2003 (20030707/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s l1

L3 87 L1

=> s 12

L4 2514 L2

=> s 13 and 14

L5 13 L3 AND L4

=> s 15 and (battery or cell)

100135 BATTERY 1666940 CELL

L6 13 L5 AND (BATTERY OR CELL)

=> d 16 1-13 ibib ab kwic

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:374005 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:371736

TITLE: Active mass for battery, its manufacture and

the battery

INVENTOR(S): Cho, Jae Phil; Jung, Won Ll; Park, Yong Chul; Kim,

Geun Bae

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Samsung SDI Co., Ltd., S. Korea

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE	ICATION NO. DATE	
JP 2003142097	A2	20030516	JP 2002-260246 20020905	002-260246 200209	05
US 2003049529	A1	20030313	US 2002-91335 20020306	002-91335 200203	06
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	:		US 2001-316949P P 20010905	-316949P P 200109	05
			US 2002-91335 A 20020306	-91335 A 200203	06
			KR 2002-12570 · A 20020308	-12570 · A 200203	80.

- AB The active mass has a coating layer, contg. a mixt. of a conductor and a conductive polymeric dispersant, on a electrochem. oxidizable-reducible material; and is prepd. by coating the mixt. on the electrochem. oxidizable-reducible material. The battery has a separator between a cathode and an anode; where the cathode and/or the anode contains the above active mass on a current collector.
- TI Active mass for battery, its manufacture and the battery
- AB The active mass has a coating layer, contg. a mixt. of a conductor and a conductive polymeric dispersant, on a electrochem. oxidizable-reducible material; and is prepd. by coating the mixt. on the electrochem. oxidizable-reducible material. The battery has a separator between a cathode and an anode; where the cathode and/or the anode contains the above active mass on a current collector.
- ST battery electrode active material coating manuf; coating conductor polymer dispersant mixt
- IT Battery electrodes

(manuf. of active mass contg. mixts. of conductors and polymer dispersants coated on electrochem. oxidizable-reducible materials for

battery electrodes)

IT Gelatins, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (manuf. of active mass contg. mixts. of conductors and polymer dispersants coated on electrochem. oxidizable-reducible materials for battery electrodes)

IT Dispersing agents

> (oroton; manuf. of active mass contq. mixts. of conductors and polymer dispersants coated on electrochem. oxidizable-reducible materials for battery electrodes)

IT 7440-44-0, Super P, uses

> RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (activated; manuf. of active mass contq. mixts. of conductors and polymer dispersants coated on electrochem. oxidizable-reducible materials for battery electrodes)

1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses 7440-21-3, Silicon, uses 7782-42-5, IT 7784-30-7, Aluminum phosphate (AlPO4) Graphite, uses Ethylene oxide-propylene oxide copolymer 12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide (LiMn2O4) 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2) 18282-10-5, Tin oxide (SnO2) 262857-75-0, Cobalt lithium nickel strontium oxide (Co0.1LiNi0.9Sr0.00202) 499969-49-2, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.05Co0.1LiMq0.05Mn0.25Ni0.6602)

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (manuf. of active mass contg. mixts. of conductors and polymer dispersants coated on electrochem. oxidizable-reducible materials for battery electrodes)

ANSWER 2 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:373988 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:371722

TITLE:

Secondary lithium battery

INVENTOR(S):

Kato, Fumio; Oura, Takafumi; Takeno, Mitsuhiro;

Koshina, Shiqeru

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan

APPLICATION NO. DATE

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 24 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

KIND DATE

LANGUAGE:\

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

----A2 20030516 JP 2003142075 JP 2001-337634 20011102 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2001-337634 The battery has an anode contg. an active mass mixt., having d. 1.4-1.8 g/cm3, on a Cu foil, and a cathode contg. an active mass mixt., having d 3.3-3.7 g/cm3 on an Al foil; where the anode active mass mixt. contains graphite and a graphitization resistant carbonaceous material, and the cathode active mass mixt. is selected from a LiMn2O4-LiNiO2 mixt., LiMnxNi1-xO2, LiMn2O4-LiNiO2-LiCoO2 mixt., and LiMnyNinzCo1-y-zO2. Ni in

LiNiO2 may be partially replaced by Co and/or Al ions. ΤI Secondary lithium battery

- The battery has an anode contg. an active mass mixt., having d. AB 1.4-1.8 g/cm3, on a Cu foil, and a cathode contg. an active mass mixt., having d 3.3-3.7 g/cm3 on an Al foil; where the anode active mass mixt. contains graphite and a graphitization resistant carbonaceous material, and the cathode active mass mixt. is selected from a LiMn2O4-LiNiO2 mixt., LiMnxNil-xO2, LiMn2O4-LiNiO2-LiCoO2 mixt., and LiMnyNinzCol-y-zO2. Ni in LiNiO2 may be partially replaced by Co and/or Al ions.
- ST secondary lithium battery electrode active mass mixt
- IT12031-65-1, Lithium nickel oxide (LiNiO2) 12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide (LiMn2O4) 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2)

143623-51-2, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8502) 179186-44-8, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.4Ni0.602) 190902-69-3, Aluminum

lithium nickel oxide (Al0.15LiNi0.8502) 193214-22-1, Aluminum cobalt

lithium nickel oxide (Al0.05Co0.1LiNi0.8502) 404904-11-6, Cobalt

lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.4LiMn0.3Ni0.3O2)

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(compns. and controlled d. of cathode active mass mixts. for secondary lithium batteries)

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:355675 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:371699

TITLE: Cathode active material for a rechargeable lithium

battery having structural stability and

improved cyclelife characteristics

INVENTOR(S): Cho, Jae-Phil; Park, Byung-Woo; Kim, Yong-Jeong; Kim,

Tae-Jun

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): S. Korea

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 13 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

: Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE		APPLICATION N	٥.	DATE
US 2003087155	A1	20030508	ž.	US 2002-27081	1	20021015
JP 2003178759	A2	20030627	,	JP 2002-30836	8	20021023
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	. :		KR	2001-65805	Α	20011024

- AB A pos. active material for a rechargeable lithium battery is provided. The pos. active material comprises a lithiated intercalation compd. and a coating layer formed on the lithiated intercalation compd. The coating layer comprises a solid-soln. compd. and an oxide compd. having at least two coating elements, the oxide compd. represented by the formula: MpM'qOr wherein M and M' are not the same and are each independently at least one element selected from the group consisting of Zr, Al, Na, K, Mg, Ca, Sr, Ni, Co, Ti, Sn, Mn, Cr, Fe, and V; 0<p<1; 0<q<1; and 1<r.ltoreq.2, where r is detd. based upon p and q. The solid-soln. compd. is prepd. by reacting the lithiated intercalation compd. with the oxide compd. The coating layer has a fracture toughness of at least 3.5 MPam1/2. A method of making the pos. active material is also provided.
- TI Cathode active material for a rechargeable lithium **battery** having structural stability and improved cyclelife characteristics
- AB A pos. active material for a rechargeable lithium battery is provided. The pos. active material comprises a lithiated intercalation compd. and a coating layer formed on the lithiated intercalation compd. The coating layer comprises a solid-soln. compd. and an oxide compd. having at least two coating elements, the oxide compd. represented by the formula: MpM'qOr wherein M and M' are not the same and are each independently at least one element selected from the group consisting of Zr, Al, Na, K, Mg, Ca, Sr, Ni, Co, Ti, Sn, Mn, Cr, Fe, and V; 0<p<1; 0<q<1; and 1<r.ltoreq.2, where r is detd. based upon p and q. The solid-soln. compd. is prepd. by reacting the lithiated intercalation compd. with the oxide compd. The coating layer has a fracture toughness of at least 3.5 MPam1/2. A method of making the pos. active material is also provided.
- ST lithium secondary battery cathode active material
- IT Battery cathodes

(cathode active material for rechargeable lithium **battery** having structural stability and improved cyclelife characteristics)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; cathode active material for rechargeable lithium

```
battery having structural stability and improved cyclelife
        characteristics)
IT
     116327-69-6P, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.1LiNi0.902)
     RL: DEV (Device component use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (aluminum cobalt lithium nickel zirconium oxide solid soln.-coated,
        substrate particles, strontium doped; cathode active material for
        rechargeable lithium battery having structural stability and
        improved cyclelife characteristics)
IT
     163596-49-4P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.2Ni0.802)
     RL: DEV (Device component use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (aluminum lithium manganese nickel zirconium oxide solid soln.-coated,
        substrate particles; cathode active material for rechargeable lithium
        battery having structural stability and improved cyclelife
        characteristics)
TI.
     12057-17-9P, Lithium manganese oxide (LiMn2O4)
     RL: DEV (Device component use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (aluminum lithium manganese zirconium oxide solid soln.- coated,
        substrate particles; cathode active material for rechargeable lithium
        battery having structural stability and improved cyclelife
        characteristics)
     67-63-0D, Isopropanol, aluminum and nickel complexes
IT
                                                            149-57-5D,
     2-Ethylhexanoic acid, aluminum and nickel complexes
                                                           7429-90-5D,
     Aluminum, mixed 2-ethylhexanoato and 2-propanolato complexes
                                                                     7440-02-0D,
     Nickel, mixed 2-ethylhexanoato and 2-propanolato complexes
                                                                   521980-95-0
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (cathode active material for rechargeable lithium battery
        having structural stability and improved cyclelife characteristics)
_{
m IT}
     521981-00-0P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (coatings, on aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium manganese nickel oxide
        particles; cathode active material for rechargeable lithium
        battery having structural stability and improved cyclelife
        characteristics)
     406939-73-9P, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium manganese nickel
IT
     oxide (Al0.07Co0.1Li1.03Mg0.07Mn0.19Ni0.6902
     RL: DEV (Device component use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (coatings, on aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium manganese nickel
        zirconium oxide particles, substrate; cathode active material for
        rechargeable lithium battery having structural stability and
        improved cyclelife characteristics)
ŦΤ
     521980-97-2P, Aluminum lithium nickel zirconium oxide
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (coatings, on cobalt lithium nickel oxide particles; cathode active
        material for rechargeable lithium battery having structural
        stability and improved cyclelife characteristics)
     191025-46-4DP, Cobalt lithium nickel zirconium oxide, surface coated on
IT
     cobalt lithium oxide particles
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (coatings, on cobalt lithium oxide, substrate particles; cathode active
        material for rechargeable lithium battery having structural
        stability and improved cyclelife characteristics)
IT
     521980-99-4P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (coatings, on lithium manganese nickel oxide particles; cathode active
        material for rechargeable lithium battery having structural
        stability and improved cyclelife characteristics)
```

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TT
     521980-98-3P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (coatings) on lithium manganese oxide particles; cathode active
        material for rechargeable lithium battery having structural
        stability and improved cyclelife characteristics)
IT
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (coatings, on metal oxides, strontium doped and undoped; cathode active
        material for rechargeable lithium battery having structural
        stability and improved cyclelife characteristics)
     521980-93-8DP, Aluminum zirconium oxide (AlZrO4), solid solns. with
     aluminum cobalt lithium zirconium oxide 521980-94-9DP, Aluminum cobalt
     lithium zirconium oxide (Al0-0.2Co0.4-1LiZr0-0.2O2), solid solns. with
     aluminum zirconium oxide
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (coatings, on metal oxides; cathode active material for rechargeable
        lithium battery having structural stability and improved
        cyclelife characteristics)
IT
     12031-65-1P, Lithium nickel oxide (LiNiO2)
     RL: DEV (Device component use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (metal oxide-coated, substrate particles; cathode active material for
        rechargeable lithium battery having structural stability and
        improved cyclelife characteristics)
IT
     12190-79-3P, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2)
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (mixed metal oxide solid soln.-coated, substrate particles; cathode
        active material for rechargeable lithium battery having
        structural stability and improved cyclelife characteristics)
    ANSWER 4 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
                         2003:300503 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         138:290458
                         Method for preparation of cathode active material for
TITLE:
                         lithium secondary battery
INVENTOR(S):
                         Kweon, Ho-Jin; Suh, Jun-Won
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Samsung SDI, Co., Ltd., S. Korea
SOURCE:
                         U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 22 pp.
                         CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
                     ----
                           -----
                                           -----
                                           US 2002-269991 20021015
                      A1 20030417
     US 2003073004
                                                       A 20011017
                                       KR 2001-64095
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
     A process of manufg. a pos. active material for a lithium secondary
     battery includes prepg. a coating-element-contg. org. suspension
     by adding a coating-element source to an org. solvent, adding water to the
     suspension to prep. a coating liq., coating a pos. active material with
     the coating liq., and drying the coated pos. active material.
TT
     Method for preparation of cathode active material for lithium secondary
     battery
AB
     A process of manufg. a pos. active material for a lithium secondary
     battery includes prepg. a coating-element-contg. org. suspension
     by adding a coating-element source to an org. solvent, adding water to the
```

suspension to prep. a coating liq., coating a pos. active material with

the coating liq., and drying the coated pos. active material.

```
lithium secondary battery cathode active material
ST
ΙT
     Alkali metals, uses
     Alkaline earth metals
     Group IIIA elements
     Group IVA elements
     Group VA elements
     Transition metals, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (coating element; method for prepn. of cathode active material for
        lithium secondary battery)
IT
     Chalcogenides
     Oxides (inorganic), uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (lithiated; method for prepn. of cathode active material for lithium
        secondary battery)
     Secondary batteries
TT
        (lithium; method for prepn. of cathode active material for lithium
        secondary battery)
     Battery cathodes
IT
     Coating materials
        (method for prepn. of cathode active material for lithium secondary
        battery)
    7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7439-95-4, Magnesium, uses
                                                              7440-09-7,
IT
     Potassium, uses 7440-21-3, Silicon, uses 7440-23-5, Sodium, uses
     7440-31-5, Tin, uses 7440-32-6, Titanium, uses 7440-38-2, Arsenic,
          7440-42-8, Boron, uses 7440-48-4, Cobalt, uses 7440-55-3,
                    7440-56-4, Germanium, uses 7440-62-2, Vanadium, uses
     Gallium, uses
     7440-67-7, Zirconium, uses \ 7440-70-2, Calcium, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (coating element; method for prepn. of cathode active material for
        lithium secondary battery)
IT
     555-31-7, Aluminum isopropoxide
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (coating; method for prepn. of cathode active material for lithium
        secondary battery)
     12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide limn204
                                                   12190-79-3, Cobalt
IT
                          262857-75-0, Cobalt lithium nickel strontium oxide
     lithium oxide colio2
     Co0.1LiNi0.9Sr0.00202 406939-73-9, Aluminum cobalt lithium
     magnesium manganese nickel oxide Al0.07Co0.1Li1.03Mg0.07Mn0.19Ni0.6902
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (method for prepn. of cathode active material for lithium secondary
       battery)
TT
     64-17-5, Ethanol, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (method for prepn. of cathode active material for lithium secondary
        battery)
     ANSWER 5 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
                         2003:222213 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         138:240689
                        Method for preparation of battery active
TITLE:
                         material with excellent electrochemical
                         characteristics and thermal stability
INVENTOR(S):
                         Kweon, Ho-Jin; Suh, Jun-Won; Yoon, Jang-Ho; Park,
                         Jung-Joon
                         Samsung SDI Co., Ltd., S. Korea
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 25 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
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A1
                           20030320
                                          US 2002-189384 20020708
     US 2003054250
     CN 1399363
                      Α
                            20030226
                                           CN 2002-2126435 20020719
     JP 2003100296
                      A2
                            20030404
                                           JP 2002-210922
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        KR 2001-43554
     An active material for a battery has a surface treatment layer
     that includes a conductive agent and at least one coating-element-contg.
     compd. selected from the group consisting of a coating-element-contg.
     hydroxide, a coating-element-contg. oxyhydroxide, a coating-element-contg.
     oxycarbonate, a coating-element-contg. hydroxycarbonate, and a mixt.
     thereof.
     Method for preparation of battery active material with excellent
TI
     electrochemical characteristics and thermal stability
     An active material for a battery has a surface treatment layer
AB
     that includes a conductive agent and at least one coating-element-contg.
     compd. selected from the group consisting of a coating-element-contg.
     hydroxide, a coating-element-contg. oxyhydroxide, a coating-element-contg.
     oxycarbonate, a coating-element-contg. hydroxycarbonate, and a mixt.
     thereof.
ST
     battery electrode active material
IT
     Alkali metals, uses
     Alkaline earth metals
     Group IIIA elements
     Group IVA elements
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (coating; method for prepn. of battery active material with
        excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)
IT
     Chalcogenides
     Intercalation compounds
     Oxides (inorganic), uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (lithiated; method for prepn. of battery active material with
        excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)
IT
     Battery cathodes
        (method for prepn. of battery active material with excellent
        electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)
TΤ
     Carbonaceous materials (technological products)
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (method for prepn. of battery active material with excellent
        electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)
     Fluoropolymers, uses
IT
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (method for prepn. of battery active material with excellent
        electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)
ΤТ
     Metals, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (method for prepn. of battery active material with excellent
        electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)
IT
     116327-69-6, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide Co0.1LiNi0.902
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (Sr-doped; method for prepn. of battery active material with
        excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)
     7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7439-95-4, Magnesium, uses
TΤ
                                                             7440-09-7,
     Potassium, uses 7440-21-3, Silicon, uses 7440-23-5, Sodium, uses
                           7440-32-6, Titanium, uses 7440-38-2, Arsenic,
     7440-31-5, Tin, uses
           7440-42-8, Boron, uses 7440-48-4, Cobalt, uses 7440-55-3,
                                                  7440-62-2, Vanadium, uses
     Gallium, uses
                     7440-56-4, Germanium, uses
     7440-67-7, Zirconium, uses 7440-70-2, Calcium, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (coating; method for prepn. of battery active material with
        excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)
IT
     7440-24-6, Strontium, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (cobalt lithium nickel oxide doped with; method for prepn. of
```

battery active material with excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability) 555-31-7, Aluminum isopropoxide 13780-71-7, Boronic acid RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process) (method for prepn. of battery active material with excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability) 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 616-38-6, Dimethylcarbonate IT 12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide limn204 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide colio2 18282-10-5, Tin dioxide 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 24623-77-6, Aluminum hydroxide oxide alooh 501662-97-1 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (method for prepn. of battery active material with excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability) IT 7440-44-0, Carbon, uses 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (method for prepn. of battery active material with excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability) ANSWER 6 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:203522 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:207860 TITLE: A method for preparation of active material for battery Cho, Jae-Phil; Jung, Won-ll; Park, Yong-Chul; Kim, INVENTOR(S): Geun-Bae PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Samsung SDI Co., Ltd., S. Korea Eur. Pat. Appl., 31 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: EPXXDW DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE _____ EP 2002-19772 20020904 EP 1291941 A2 20030312 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK US 2002-91335 20020306 US 2003049529 20030313 A1 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2001-316949P P 20010905 US 2002-91335 A 20020306 An active material for a battery is provided with a coating AB layer including either a conductive agent, or a coating layer having a mixt. of a conductive agent, and a conductive polymeric dispersant. material comprises one of a metal, a Li-contg. alloy, a S-based compd., compds. that reversibly form Li-contg. compds. by a reaction with Li ions, and a lithiated intercalation compd. that reversibly intercalates/deintercalates the Li ions. A method for preparation of active material for battery TI An active material for a battery is provided with a coating AΒ layer including either a conductive agent, or a coating layer having a mixt. of a conductive agent, and a conductive polymeric dispersant. material comprises one of a metal, a Li-contg. alloy, a S-based compd., compds. that reversibly form Li-contg. compds. by a reaction with Li ions, and a lithiated intercalation compd. that reversibly intercalates/deintercalates the Li ions. ST battery electrode active material prepn IT Conducting polymers (dispersant; method for prepn. of active material for battery

IT Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

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(dispersant; method for prepn. of active material for battery
        )
     Carbonaceous materials (technological products)
TT
     Chalcogenides
     Oxides (inorganic), uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (lithiated; method for prepn. of active material for battery)
IT
     Intercalation compounds
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium; method for prepn. of active material for battery)
     Battery electrodes
IT
     Coating materials
     Dispersing agents ·
        (method for prepn. of active material for battery)
IT
     Gelatins, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (method for prepn. of active material for battery)
TT
     Polysulfides
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (org.; method for prepn. of active material for battery)
IT
     7784-30-7, Aluminum phosphate
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (coating; method for prepn. of active material for battery)
     79-10-7D, Acrylic acid, esters, copolymers with acrylonitrile and styrene
IT
     100-42-5D, Styrene, copolymers with acrylonitrile and acrylate esters
     107-13-1D, Acrylonitrile, copolymers with styrene and acrylate esters
     108-32-7, Propylene carbonate 9002-86-2, Polyvinyl chloride
     Acrylonitrile-styrene copolymer 9003-56-9, Abs polymer
     Acrylonitrile-butadiene-methyl methacrylate-styrene copolymer
     25322-68-3, Peo 49717-87-5, 2-Propenoic acid, ion(1-) homopolymer, uses
     106392-12-5, Ethylene oxide-propylene oxide block copolymer
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (dispersant; method for prepn. of active material for battery
IT
     7440-44-0, Carbon, uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (lithiated; method for prepn. of active material for battery)
ТТ
     1332-29-2, Tin oxide
                           7440-21-3, Silicon, processes
                                                           22465-17-4,
     Titanium nitrate
     RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
     process); PROC (Process)
        (method for prepn. of active material for battery)
     1314-23-4, Zirconium oxide (ZrO2), uses 7704-34-9D, Sulfur, compd.
IT
     11102-77-5 12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide limn204
                                                            18282-10-5, Tin
     12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide colio2
                                              12798-95-7
                                                              262857-75-0,
             53680-59-4 . 74432-42-1, Lithium polysulfide
     dioxide
     Cobalt lithium nickel strontium oxide Co0.1LiNi0.9Sr0.00202
     499969-49-2
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (method for prepn. of active material for battery)
IT
     329184-61-4, Degressal sd40
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (method for prepn. of active material for battery)
IT
     7439-93-2, Lithium, uses 7440-31-5, Tin, uses 7440-32-6, Titanium,
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (method for prepn. of active material for battery)
     ANSWER 7 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2003:203260 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         138:224222
TITLE:
                         Anode active material and nonaqueous electrolyte
                         battery
INVENTOR (S):
                         Inagaki, Hiroki; Takami, Norio
```

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 30 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

US 2003049541 A1 20030313 US 2002-108435 20020329

JP 2003086177 A2 20030320 JP 2002-97651 20020329

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO:: JP 2001-95027 A 20010329

JP 2001-95029 A 20010329

JP 2001-198088 A 20010629

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:224222

AB Disclosed is a nonaq. electrolyte battery, comprising a pos. electrode contg. a pos. electrode active material, a neg. electrode contg. a sulfide contg. Fe, and a nonaq. electrolyte including a nonaq. solvent and a solute dissolved in the nonaq. solvent, the nonaq. solvent contg. a first solvent contg. a cyclic carbonate and a second solvent contg. a chain carbonate, wherein the content of the first solvent in the nonaq. solvent falls within a range of 4.8-29% by vol. and the content of the second solvent in the nonaq. solvent falls within a range of 71-95.2% by vol.

TI Anode active material and nonaqueous electrolyte battery

AB Disclosed is a nonaq. electrolyte battery, comprising a pos. electrode contg. a pos. electrode active material, a neg. electrode contg. a sulfide contg. Fe, and a nonaq. electrolyte including a nonaq. solvent and a solute dissolved in the nonaq. solvent, the nonaq. solvent contg. a first solvent contg. a cyclic carbonate and a second solvent contg. a chain carbonate, wherein the content of the first solvent in the nonaq. solvent falls within a range of 4.8-29% by vol. and the content of the second solvent in the nonaq. solvent falls within a range of 71-95.2% by vol.

ST anode active material nonaq electrolyte battery

IT Battery anodes

Secondary batteries

(anode active material and nonaq. electrolyte battery) 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate IT Propylene carbonate 623-53-0, Ethyl methyl carbonate 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate 9011-17-0, Hexafluoropropylene-vinylidene fluoride copolymer 12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide limn204 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide colio2 14283-07-9, Lithium 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate tetrafluoroborate Lithium triflate 42821-47-6, Iron thiophosphate feps3 62974-69-0, Iron sulfide fe9s10 90076-65-6 191024-83-6, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide Co0.4LiMn0.1Ni0.502 193214-25-4, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide Al0.05Co0.2LiNi0.7502 193214-37-8, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide Al0.1Co0.15LiNi0.7502 193215-05-3, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide Co0.2LiMn0.2Ni0.602 223923-05-5, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide Co0.3LiMn0.1Ni0.602 500756-34-3, Copper iron sulfide (Cu0.27Fe8.73S10) 500756-35-4, Iron nickel sulfide (Fe9.7Ni0.3S11) 500756-36-5 500756-37-6, Cobalt lithium nickel niobium oxide (Co0.2LiNi0.75Nb0.0502)

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (anode active material and nonaq. electrolyte battery)

L6 ANSWER 8 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:407243 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:8603

TITLE: Cathode active mass for secondary lithium

battery and its manufacture

INVENTOR(S): Kwon, Ho Jin; Soo, Jun Won; Chung, Won Il

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Samsung Sdi Co., Ltd., S. Korea SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				,
JP 2002158011	A2	20020531	JP 2001-292095	20010925
CN 1346160	Α	20020424	CN 2001-137172	20010915
US 2002110736	A1	20020815	US 2001-964263	20010925
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	:		KR 2000-56246 A	20000925
•			KR 2001-36767 A	20010626

- AB The cathode active mass has a Li compd. contg. core of secondary particles, having av. diam. 1-10 .mu.m and contg. .gtoreq.1 primary particles having av. diam. 1-3 .mu.m, coated with a layer of oxide, hydroxide, oxyhydroxide, oxycarbonate, and/or hydroxy carbonate of a coating material. The Li compd. is selected from various Li transition metal oxides, which may contain F, S, and/or P. The active mass is prepd. by coating the secondary particles with an aq. or org. soln. of a compd. of the coating material, and heat treating the coated particles.
- TICathode active mass for secondary lithium battery and its manufacture
- STsecondary battery cathode lithium transition metal oxide particle coating
- Battery cathodes TT

(structure and manuf. of coated lithium transition metal oxide secondary particles for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

IT 1344-28-1, Aluminum oxide, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (structure and manuf. of alumina coated lithium cobaltate secondary particles for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide (LiMn2O4) IT RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(structure and manuf. of alumina coated lithium manganese oxide secondary particles for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

IT 1303-86-2, Boron oxide, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use), PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (structure and manuf. of boron oxide coated lithium cobaltate secondary particles for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

IT 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2)

> RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (structure and manuf. of coated lithium cobaltate secondary particles

for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

TΤ 116327-69-6, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.1LiNi0.902) 406939-73-9

RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); PROC. (Process); USES (Uses) (structure and manuf. of coated lithium transition metal oxide secondary particles for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

ANSWER 9 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:372947 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:297251

TITLE:

A comparison of the electrode/electrolyte reaction at

elevated temperatures for various Li-ion

battery cathodes

AUTHOR (S):

MacNeil, D. D.; Lu, Zhonghua; Chen, Zhaohui; Dahn, J.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Chemistry, Dalhousie University,

Halifax, NS, B3H 3J5, Can.

SOURCE:

Journal of Power Sources (2002), 108(1-2), 8-14

CODEN: JPSODZ; ISSN: 0378-7753

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) was used to compare the thermal stability of charged cathodes in 1 M LiPF6 EC/DEC electrolyte. Seven possible cathode materials for lithium-ion batteries (LiCoO2, LiNiO2, LiNi0.8Co0.202, Li1+xMn2-xO4, LiNi0.7Co0.2Ti0.05Mg0.0502, Li[Ni3/8Co1/4Mn3/8]O2, and LiFePO4) were tested under the same conditions. Welded stainless steel DSC sample tubes, that ensured no wt. loss during anal., were used for these measurements, making them reliable. A consideration of these DSC results and the known electrochem. properties of the cathodes may assist the selection of the most suitable lithium-ion cathode material for use in a particular application.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 22 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- A comparison of the electrode/electrolyte reaction at elevated ΤI temperatures for various Li-ion battery cathodes
- STbattery cathode selection electrode electrolyte reaction
- ITBattery cathodes

(comparison of the electrode/electrolyte reaction at elevated temps. for various Li-ion battery cathodes)

12031-65-1, Lithium nickel oxide LiNiO2 12057-17-9, Lithium ITmanganese oxide (LiMn2O4) 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide LiCoO2 15365-14-7, Iron lithium phosphate LiFePO4 113066-89-0, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.2LiNi0.802) 221689-64-1 468772-63-6, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.25LiMn0.38Ni0.38O2) RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); RCT (Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (comparison of the electrode/electrolyte reaction at elevated temps. for various Li-ion battery cathodes)

ANSWER 10 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:272907 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:297393

TITLE:

Method of preparation of cathode active material for

rechargeable lithium battery Kweon, Ho-Jin; Suh, Joon-Won Samsung SDI Co. Ltd., S. Korea

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 35 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

INVENTOR(S):

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DAT	E Z	APPLICATION NO	. DATE		
EP 1195825	A2 200	20410	EP 2001-117958	20010724	:	•
R: AT, BE	E, CH, DE, DE	C, ES, FR, GB	, GR, IT, LI,	LU, NL, SE,	MC,	PT,
IE, SI	[, LT, LV, F]	, RO				
US 2002071990	A1 200	20613	JS 2001-897445	20010703	ı	
JP 2002124262	A2 200	20426	JP 2001-207684	20010709)	
CN 1348225	A 200	20508	CN 2001-123264	20010725		
PRIORITY APPLN. IN	· O . :	KR :	2000-59336	A 20001009	1	
		KR :	2001-26468	A 20010515	i	
an minated to			, ,	3 3 1 4 1 1		

Disclosed is a pos. active material for a rechargeable lithium battery. The pos. active material includes a core and a surface-treatment layer on the core. The core includes at least one lithiated compd. and the surface-treatment layer includes at least one coating material selected from the group consisting of coating element included-hydroxides, oxyhydroxides, oxycarbonates, hydroxycarbonates and any mixt. thereof.

TI Method of preparation of cathode active material for rechargeable lithium battery

Disclosed is a pos. active material for a rechargeable lithium battery. The pos. active material includes a core and a surface-treatment layer on the core. The core includes at least one lithiated compd. and the surface-treatment layer includes at least one coating material selected from the group consisting of coating element included-hydroxides, oxyhydroxides, oxycarbonates, hydroxycarbonates and any mixt. thereof.

ST cathode active material rechargeable lithium battery

IT Chalcogenides

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(cobalt lithium; method of prepn. of cathode active material for rechargeable lithium battery)

IT Carbonates, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(hydroxycarbonates; method of prepn. of cathode active material for rechargeable lithium battery)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; method of prepn. of cathode active material for rechargeable lithium battery)

IT Battery cathodes

Coating materials

Coating process

Surface treatment

(method of prepn. of cathode active material for rechargeable lithium battery)

IT Hydroxides (inorganic)

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(method of prepn. of cathode active material for rechargeable lithium battery)

IT Carbonates, uses

(Uses)

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(oxycarbonates; method of prepn. of cathode active material for rechargeable lithium battery)

IT Hydroxides (inorganic)

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(oxyhydroxides; method of prepn. of cathode active material for rechargeable lithium battery)

IT . 150-46-9, Boron ethoxide 555-31-7, Aluminum isopropoxide 1303-86-2,
 Boron oxide b2o3, processes 13473-90-0, Aluminum nitrate
 RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)

(method of prepn. of cathode active material for rechargeable lithium battery)

IT 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 616-38-6, Dimethyl carbonate 12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide limn2o4 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide colio2 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 262857-75-0, Cobalt lithium nickel strontium oxide Co0.1LiNi0.9Sr0.00202 406939-73-9

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (method of prepn. of cathode active material for rechargeable lithium
 battery)

IT 13780-71-7, Boronic acid 21645-51-2, Aluminum hydroxide, uses 24623-77-6, Aluminum hydroxide oxide RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES

(method of prepn. of cathode active material for rechargeable lithium battery)

L6 ANSWER 11 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS 2002:253367 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:281942 Secondary lithium battery TITLE: Suhara, Manabu; Sunahara, Kazuo; Kimura, Takashi; INVENTOR(S): Mihara, Takuya PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Seimi Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -,----------_ _ _ _ ----------JP 2002100358 A2 20020405 JP 2000-289767 20000925 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-289767 20000925 The battery uses a cathode active mass mixt. contq. LixNiyMn1-y-zMzO2 (M = Fe, Co, Cr, and/or Al; 0.9 .ltoreq.x .ltoreq.1.2; 0.40 .ltoreq.y .ltoreq.0.60; z .ltoreq.0.2) and LixpMn2O4 (1 .ltoreq.p .ltoreq.1.3) having Fd3m spinel type structure. TI Secondary lithium battery The battery uses a cathode active mass mixt. contg. AB LixNiyMnl-y-zMzO2 (M = Fe, Co, Cr, and/or Al; 0.9 .ltoreq.x .ltoreq.1.2; 0.40 .ltoreq.y .ltoreq.0.60; z .ltoreq.0.2) and LixpMn2O4 (1 .ltoreq.p .ltoreq.1.3) having Fd3m spinel type structure. secondary battery cathode lithium transition metal oxide mixt; ST nickel manganese lithium oxide cathode mixt battery IT Battery cathodes (cathodes contq. (substituted) lithium manganese nickel oxide and spinel type lithium manganese oxide for secondary lithium batteries) IT 128975-24-6, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li2MnNiO4) 179186-44-8, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.4Ni0.602) 287718-96-1, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.45Ni0.55O2) 405890-05-3, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.45Ni0.45O2) Chromium lithium manganese nickel oxide (Cr0.1LiMn0.45Ni0.45O2) 405890-07-5, Iron lithium manganese nickel oxide (Fe0.1LiMn0.45Ni0.45O2) 405890-08-6, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide (Alo.1LiMn0.45Ni0.4502) RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (cathodes contq. (substituted) lithium manganese nickel oxide and spinel type lithium manganese oxide for secondary lithium batteries) IT 130242-31-8, Lithium manganese oxide (Li1.05Mn2O4) RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (cathodes contg. (substituted) lithium manganese nickel oxide and spinel type lithium manganese oxide for secondary lithium batteries) ANSWER 12 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:253124 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:265824 Nonaqueous electrolyte lithium secondary batteries TITLE: INVENTOR(S): Satch, Kouichi; Nohma, Toshiyuki; Nakanishi, Naoya; Yonezu, Ikuo PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sanyo Electric Co. Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 14 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

PATENT INFORMATION:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

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PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
                    ---- ------
                                         _____
                    A2
                           20020403
                                        EP 2001-308352 20010928
    EP 1193782
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
    JP 2002110253
                                          JP 2000-300708
                                                          20000929
                    A2 20020412
                                         US 2001-963463
                                                          20010927
    US 2002061443
                      A1
                           20020523
                      Α
                           20020417
                                          CN 2001-141055
                                                          20010929
    CN 1345101
                                       JP 2000-300708
                                                      A 20000929
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
    Used as the pos. electrode active substance of a lithium ion secondary
    cell is a mixt. of a lithium-nickel-cobalt-manganese composite
    oxide represented by the formula LiNi(1-x-y)CoxMnyO2 wherein 0.5<x+y<1.0
     and 0.1<y<0.6 and a lithium-manganese composite oxide represented by the
     formula Li(1+z)Mn2O4 wherein 0 .ltoreq. z .ltoreq. 0.2. The substance
    used gives outstanding power characteristics to the cell.
    Used as the pos. electrode active substance of a lithium ion secondary
AB
    cell is a mixt. of a lithium-nickel-cobalt-manganese composite
    oxide represented by the formula LiNi(1-x-y)CoxMnyO2 wherein 0.5<x+y<1.0
     and 0.1<y<0.6 and a lithium-manganese composite oxide represented by the
     formula Li(1+z)Mn2O4 wherein 0 .ltoreq. z .ltoreq. 0.2. The substance
     used gives outstanding power characteristics to the cell.
     lithium secondary battery nonaq electrolyte; nickel lithium
ST
     cobalt manganese composite oxide cathode battery
IT
    Battery cathodes
        (nonag. electrolyte lithium secondary batteries)
     96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 616-38-6, Dimethyl carbonate
                                                                7782-42-5,
IT.
     Graphite, uses 12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide limn204
     21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (nonaq. electrolyte lithium secondary batteries)
     110665-91-3P, Lithium manganese oxide Li1.2Mn2O4 130242-30-7P,
TΤ
     Lithium manganese oxide Lil.1Mn2O4 130242-31-8P, Lithium
     manganese oxide Lil.05Mn2O4 146956-42-5P, Cobalt lithium
     manganese nickel oxide Co0.4LiMn0.2Ni0.402
                                                182442-95-1P, Cobalt lithium
     manganese nickel oxide 217309-43-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese
     nickel oxide Co0.3LiMn0.3Ni0.402 217309-45-0P, Cobalt lithium manganese
     nickel oxide Co0.5LiMn0.1Ni0.402 252877-07-9P, Cobalt lithium
     manganese nickel oxide Co0.6LiMn0.3Ni0.102 404904-10-5P, Cobalt
     lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.5LiMn0.3Ni0.202) 404904-11-6P
      Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.4LiMn0.3Ni0.302)
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (nonaq. electrolyte lithium secondary batteries)
     ANSWER 13 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
                        2000:723269 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        133:269461
                        Nonaqueous lithium electrolyte secondary
TITLE:
                        battery
                        Watanabe, Shoichiro; Iwamoto, Kazuya; Ueda, Atsushi;
INVENTOR(S):
                        Nunome, Jun; Koshina, Hizuru
                        Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                        Eur. Pat. Appl., 9 pp.
                        CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                         _____
                    ----
                     A2
                                          EP 2000-102959 20000214
     EP 1043794
                           20001011
     EP 1043794
                     A3 20021218
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AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                                           US 1999-289589
                                                            19990409
     US 6165647
                      Α
                            20001226
     CN 1270424
                       Α
                            20001018
                                           CN 2000-103653
                                                            20000229
                                        US 1999-289589
                                                       A 19990409
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                        MARPAT 133:269461
    A battery (excellent in high temp. storage characteristics)
    comprises a pos. electrode having a pos. electrode active material contg.
    an transition metal complex oxide contq. lithium, a neg. electrode contq.
    a neg. electrode material capable of storing and releasing a lithium ion,
    and an electrolytic soln. contg. a nonaq. solvent, an electrolyte, and an
    org. compd. expressed in formula I, where R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, and R6 have
     individually at least one of H and a group contg. a vinyl group, and the
    no. of H substituent is four or less.
    Nonaqueous lithium electrolyte secondary battery
ΤТ
    A battery (excellent in high temp. storage characteristics)
AΒ
    comprises a pos. electrode having a pos. electrode active material contg.
     an transition metal complex oxide contg. lithium, a neg. electrode contg.
    a neq. electrode material capable of storing and releasing a lithium ion,
    and an electrolytic soln. contg. a nonaq. solvent, an electrolyte, and an
    org. compd. expressed in formula I, where R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, and R6 have
     individually at least one of H and a group contg. a vinyl group, and the
    no. of H substituent is four or less.
ST
    nonag electrolyte secondary battery
IT
    Fatty acids, uses
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (esters, carbonates; nonaq. electrolyte lithium secondary
       battery)
IT
     Secondary batteries
        (lithium; nonaq. electrolyte lithium secondary battery)
IT
     Intermetallic compounds
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium; nonaq. electrolyte lithium secondary battery)
IT
     Coordination compounds
     Inorganic compounds
    Organic compounds, uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (nonag. electrolyte lithium secondary battery)
IT
    Battery electrolytes
        (nonag. electrolyte secondary battery)
IT
    Fluoropolymers, uses
     Styrene-butadiene rubber, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery)
IT
    Lithium alloy
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (nonaq. electrolyte lithium secondary battery)
IT
     79-20-9, Methyl acetate
                               96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate
                                                             105-37-3, Ethyl
                 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 107-31-3, Methyl formate
     propionate
                                    554-12-1, Methyl propionate
     108-32-7, Propylene carbonate
                        623-53-0, Ethyl methyl carbonate
    Dimethyl carbonate
                                                             623-96-1, Dipropyl
                 872-36-6, 1,3-Dioxol-2-one
                                             4437-85-8, Butylene carbonate
     carbonate
     7439-93-2, Lithium, uses
                               7440-44-0, Carbon, uses
                                                          7782-42-5, Graphite,
            21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate
                                                      174180-05-3, Cobalt
     lithium oxide CoLi0-1.202
                                174180-06-4, Lithium nickel oxide Li0-1.2NiO2
     188405-67-6, Lithium manganese oxide Li0-1.2Mn2O4
                                                         296800-04-9,
     Lithium manganese oxide (Li0-1.2MnO2)
                                             296800-06-1, Cobalt lithium nickel
     oxide (Co0-0.9Li0-1.2Ni0.1-102)
                                       296800-0.8-3, Cobalt lithium vanadium
     oxide (Co0.9-0.98Li0-1.2V0.02-0.102)
                                            296800-10-7, Lithium nickel
     titanium oxide (Li0-1.2Ni0.1-1Ti0-0.902)
                                                296800-12-9, Lithium nickel
    vanadium oxide (Li0-1.2Ni0.1-1V0-0.902)
                                               296800-15-2, Lithium manganese
                                              296800-18-5, Iron lithium nickel
     nickel oxide (Li0-1.2Mn0-0.9Ni0.1-102)
     oxide (Fe0-0.9Li0-1.2Ni0.1-102)
                                       296800-20-9, Cobalt lithium nickel
     titanium oxide ((Co,Ni,Ti)Li0-1.202) 296800-21-0, Cobalt lithium
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296800-22-1, Aluminum
    manganese nickel oxide ((Co,Mn,Ni)Li0-1.202)
    cobalt lithium nickel oxide ((Al,Co,Ni)Li0-1.202)
                                                         296800-23-2, Cobalt
     lithium magnesium nickel oxide ((Co,Mg,Ni)Li0-1.202)
                                                            296800-25-4, Cobalt
     iron lithium nickel oxide ((Co,Fe,Ni)Li0-1.202) 296800-27-6, Cobalt
    lithium nickel zirconium oxide ((Co, Ni, Zr) Li0-1.202) 296800-28-7
      Lithium manganese sodium oxide (Li0-1.2Mn1.1-2Na0-0.904)
    296800-30-1, Lithium magnesium manganese oxide
     (Li0-1.2Mg0-0.9Mn1.1-2O4) 296800-32-3, Lithium manganese
    scandium oxide (Li0-1.2Mn1.1-2Sc0-0.904) 296800-35-6, Lithium
    manganese yttrium oxide (Li0-1.2Mn1.1-2Y0-0.9O4) 296800-38-9,
     Iron lithium manganese oxide (Fe0-0.9Li0-1.2Mn1.1-2O4) 296800-40-3
      Cobalt lithium manganese oxide (Co0-0.9Li0-1.2Mn1.1-2O4)
     296800-43-6, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li0-1.2Mn1.1-2Ni0-
     0.904) 296800-45-8, Lithium manganese titanium oxide
     (Li0-1.2Mn1.1-2Ti0-0.904) 296800-47-0, Lithium manganese
     zirconium oxide (Li0-1.2Mn1.1-2Zr0-0.904) 296800-49-2, Copper
    lithium manganese oxide (Cu0-0.9Li0-1.2Mn1.1-2O4) 296800-51-6,
    Lithium manganese zinc oxide (Li0-1.2Mn1.1-2Zn0-0.904) 296800-52-7
      Aluminum lithium manganese oxide (Al0-0.9Li0-1.2Mn1.1-2O4)
    296800-54-9, Lead lithium manganese oxide (Pb0-0.9Li0-1.2Mn1.1-
    204) 296800-56-1, Antimony lithium manganese oxide
     (Sb0-0.9Li0-1.2Mn1.1-2O4)
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (nonaq. electrolyte lithium secondary battery)
IT
    91-14-5
              105-06-6, p-Divinylbenzene
                                            108-57-6
                                                       3048-52-0,
    1,3,5-Trivinylbenzene
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (nonaq. electrolyte lithium secondary battery)
IT
    9003-07-0, Polypropylene
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery)
IT
    9003-55-8
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (styrene-butadiene rubber, nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery
```

DERWENT-ACC-NO:

2000-270899

DERWENT-WEEK:

200248

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TITLE:

Nonaqueous electrolyte secondary cell

comprises a

lithium-manganese compound oxide and a

lithium-nickel

compound oxide

INVENTOR: KANBE, C; KOBAYASHI, A; NUMATA, T; SHIRAKATA, M; YONEZAWA, M

PATENT-ASSIGNEE: NEC CORP[NIDE] , NIPPON ELECTRIC CO[NIDE]

PRIORITY-DATA: 1998JP-0241918 (August 27, 1998) , 1998JP-0241912 (August 27,

1998)

PATENT-FAMILY:

PUB-NO	PUB-DATE	LANGUAGE
PAGES	MAIN-IPC	
WO 200013250 A1	March 9, 2000	J
048	H01M 010/40	
TW 461133 A	October 21, 2001	N/A
000	H01M 004/58	
JP 3024636 B2	March 21, 2000	N/A
012	H01M 004/58	
JP 2000077071 A	March 14, 2000	N/A
014	H01M 004/58	
EP 1117145 A1	July 18, 2001	E
000	H01M 010/40	
KR 2001082179 A	August 29, 2001	N/A
000	H01M 010/40	•

DESIGNATED-STATES: CA KR US AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE

APPLICATION-DATA:

PUB-NO

APPL-DESCRIPTOR

APPL-NO

APPL-DATE

1999WO-JP04608 WO 200013250A1 N/A August 26, 1999. 1999TW-0114881 TW 461133A N/A August 27, 1999 1998JP-0241918 JP 3024636B2 August 27, 1998 JP2000077071 Previous Publ. JP 3024636B2 N/A1998JP-0241918 JP2000077071A August 27, 1998 1999EP-0940495 EP 1117145A1 N/A August 26, 1999 1999WO-JP04608 EP 1117145A1 August 26, 1999 WO 200013250 EP 1117145A1 Based on N/A2001KR-0702409 KR2001082179A N/A February 26, 2001

INT-CL (IPC): H01M004/02, H01M004/36, H01M004/58, H01M010/40

RELATED-ACC-NO: 2000-118983

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: WO 200013250A

BASIC-ABSTRACT:

NOVELTY - The anode of a nonaqueous electrolyte secondary cell contains (A) a lithium-manganese compound oxide and (B) a lithium-nickel compound oxide having a specific surface area X of below 0.3 (m2/g) and consisting of at least one kind selected from among the group consisting of LiNiO2, Li2NiO2, LiNi2O4, Li2Ni1-xMxO2 (0 less than or equal to x less than or equal to 0.5, and M represents at least one metallic element selected from among the group consisting of Co, Mn, Al, Fe, Cu and Sr).

USE - Nonaqueous electrolyte secondary cell.

ADVANTAGE - Such a nonaqueous electrolyte secondary cell is excellent in cell characteristics, and especially charging/discharging cycle

07/08/2003, EAST Version: 1.03.0002

characteristic, storage characteristic, and safety.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows the amount of Mn eluted versus mixing ratios of LiNi compound oxides.

CHOSEN-DRAWING: Dwg.1/7

TITLE-TERMS: ELECTROLYTIC SECONDARY CELL COMPRISE LITHIUM

MANGANESE COMPOUND

OXIDE LITHIUM NICKEL COMPOUND OXIDE

DERWENT-CLASS: L03 X16

CPI-CODES: L03-E01B; L03-E03;

EPI-CODES: X16-B01F; X16-E01C1;

SECONDARY-ACC-NO:

CPI Secondary Accession Numbers: C2000-082545 Non-CPI Secondary Accession Numbers: N2000-202930